



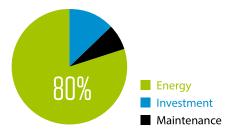
CAPTURING VALUABLE ENERGY

RECOVERING THE ENERGY

Simply put, the Energy Box reuses captured energy. The value of this immediately shows up in huge cost savings and reduced CO₂ emissions to the environment.

Air compressors are big consumers of energy. In fact, over the lifetime of a compressor, energy consumption typically represents 80% of its total cost of ownership. That's why recovering the compressor's energy means saving money.

Total cost of ownership



The way to achieve this is by harnessing the compression heat. Even the most efficient compressor transforms up to 94% of the electric energy into heat.

A large part of this heat is released into the atmosphere via the compressor's cooling system.

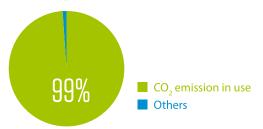
With the Energy Box, you can recover up to 80% of this valuable thermal energy.

WHAT SIZE IS YOUR FOOTPRINT?

Reducing your CO_2 emissions is not just beneficial for future generations, it may well have become a legal requirement or part of your company's certification policy.

99% of the CO₂ emissions of a compressor in use are directly related to its energy consumption, so this is another good reason to invest in an energy recovery system.

Typical CO₂ footprint of air compressors



THERMAL ENERGY PUT TO USE

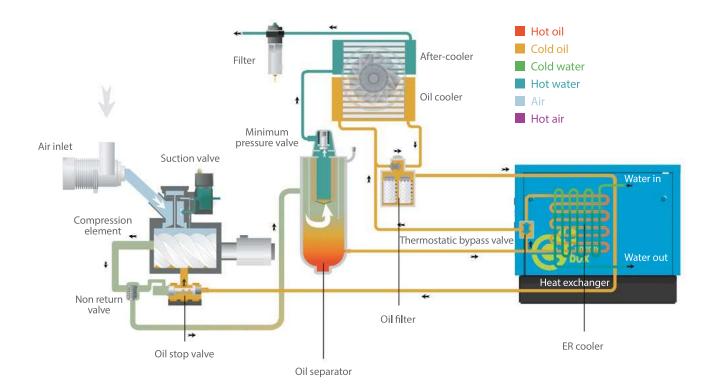
In addition to using compression heat for space heating and hot water for showers, many industrial processes require heat for drying, air curtains, pre-heating, sterilization, steam cracking, dyeing, purging and many other applications. Using the recovered heat from your compressor may reduce the investment cost for additional equipment, the extra CO_2 emissions and of course the overall energy cost. In a world of soaring energy prices, this may well have a big impact on your competitiveness.

As an extra benefit, removing compression heat reduces the compressor room temperature. Better ambient conditions will improve the equipment's efficiency and increase its lifetime!

HOW RECOVERY WORKS

The oil in an oil-injected rotary screw compressor absorbs the compression heat. Before being led to the oil cooler, the hot oil is diverted through a heat exchanger inside the Energy Box, where the heat is transferred to a water circuit.

The amount of thermal energy recovered and money saved depends on the compressor's size and use factor (numbers of operating hours per year). Recovery of up to 80% can be achieved, and in the case of hot water, up to 90%.



Application	Equivalent months/year	Duty	Saving*
Process water	12 months	8,000 h	€ 25,000
Process steam	12 months	8,000 h	€ 25,000
Space heating	ce heating 4 months		€ 13,500
Showers	2 months	2,000 h	€7,000

^{*} When using compressors above 60kW

Saving calculation for Energy Box

Installed power

55 kW

Calorific value of oil 47,700 kJ/kg

Effective usable shaft power (95%)

54 kW

Boiler efficiency

90%

Potential recovery (70% of shaft)

38 kW

Specific gravity of fuel

 $0.84 \, \text{kg/l}$





13,167 |



35,1121

109,725 kWh





292,600 kWh

€ 6,288



€ 16,769

IT'S ALL IN A BOX

The Energy Box is a compact, space-saving unit, installed between the compressor and your heating circuit. The modular design guarantees easy installation and perfect integration.

Energy Box features	Your benefits
Vertical heat exchanger	Reduced footprint – small space required
Twin cooler concept*	Reliability – reduced risk of oil pressure shutdown
Plugs and connection kits	Easy and fast to install
Extended hose kits	Allows up to 6 m between compressor and Energy Box
Environmentally friendly	Exceptional CO ₂ reduction

^{*} When using compressors above 60kW

By having the energy recovery system installed in our compressor room we reduced the need for external fuel input and savings were perceived immediately. This is a great value versus benefits in our facility.

DIMENSIONS



Energy Box	\$1-\$3
kW	11 – 90
A (mm)	477
B (mm)	450
C (mm)	807

Energy Box S4					
kW	110 – 180				
A (mm)	877				
B (mm)	500				
C (mm)	807				



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

	Rated power		Recoverable		Heated water volume		Savings per year		
	kW	hp	kW	hp	70°C (Δt 20°C) liter/year	70°C (∆t 50°C) liter/year	Fuel liter	Heating cost €	CO ₂ Savings ton
	11	15	8.9	11.9	1,148,113	459,245	3,091	1,700.00	7,049
	15	20	12.1	16.2	1,560,917	624,367	4,203	2,311.00	9,583
S1	18.5	25	15.0	20.0	1,935,022	774,009	5,210	2,875.00	11,880
	22	30	17.8	23.8	2,296,226	918,490	6,182	3,400.00	14,098
	30	40	24.2	32.5	3,121,835	1,248,734	8,406	4,623.00	19,166
	37	50	29.9	40.1	3,857,143	1,542,857	10,385	5,712.00	23,681
S2	45	60	36.6	48.7	4,695,652	1,878,261	12,643	6,954.00	28,829
	55	75	44.4	59.6	5,727,664	2,291,065	15,421	8,482.00	35,165
	75	100	60.6	81.2	7,817,487	3,126,995	21,048	11,577.00	47,995
S3	90	125	72.7	97.5	9,378,404	3,751,362	25,251	13,888.00	57,578
	110	150	88.8	119.0	11,458,552	4,583,421	30,852	16,969.00	70,349
	132	180	106.6	142.9	13,750,263	5,500,105	37,022	20,362.00	84,419
S4	150	200	121.1	162.3	15,625,299	6,250,119	42,070	23,139.00	95,931
	160	220	129.2	173.2	16,666,985	6,666,794	44,875	24,681.00	102,326
	180	240	145.4	194.6	17,378,404	7,500,143	50,485	27,767.00	115,117

High water flow systems - Δt in/out = +10°C						
	kW	hp	Water flow (I/min)	Δp in/out (bar)		
	11	15	11.8	0.008		
	15	20	16.1	0.014		
S1	18.5	25	19.3	0.019		
	22	30	23.6	0.027		
	30	40	32.2	0.048		
	37	50	39.7	0.192		
S2	45	60	48.3	0.278		
	55	75	59.0	0.405		
CO	75	100	80.4	0.259		
S3	90	125	96.5	0.364		
	110	150	117.9	0.355		
S4	132	180	141.5	0.497		
	160	200	171.5	0.708		
	180	220	192.9	0.879		

Low water flow systems - ∆t in/out = +70°C						
	kW	hp	Water flow (I/min)	Δp in/out (bar)		
	11	15	2.0	0.001		
	15	20	2.7	0.001		
S1	18.5	25	3.2	0.001		
	22	30	3.9	0.001		
	30	40	4.6	0.002		
	37	50	5.6	0.005		
S2	45	60	5.7	0.007		
	55	75	8.3	0.010		
S3	75	100	11.3	0.007		
	90	125	13.6	0.010		
S4	110	150	16.6	0.010		
	132	180	20.0	0.014		
	160	200	24.2	0.020		
	180	220	27.2	0.024		



Care. Trust. Efficiency.

Care. Care is what service is all about: professional service by knowledgeable people, using high-quality Original Parts.

Trust. Trust is earned by delivering on our promises of reliable, uninterrupted performance and long equipment lifetime.

Efficiency. Equipment efficiency is ensured by regular maintenance. Efficiency of the service organization is how Original Parts and Service make the difference.

